

Global framework for reopening exhibitions and B2B trade events post the emergence from COVID-19

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Purpose

The purpose of this document is to define a structured framework for reopening exhibitions and B2B trade events after the emergence of COVID-19.

- The global exhibition industry pledges to collaborate to minimise the health and safety risks for all participants of exhibitions and trade shows.
- We expect the appropriate authorities to allow exhibitions to re-open based on the assured implementation of agreed health and safety standards.
- The re-opening of exhibitions will drive economic revitalisation.

Advocacy narrative

- **People and business** The exhibitions and events industry puts people at the heart of its business model: we bring people together to do business, to learn, to inspire and to meet.
- Safe and controlled environment The health and safety of people is, and always has been, a primary concern of the exhibition industry. Around the world, wherever accredited exhibitions take place, there are robust health and safety standards in place, and we have the capacity to enhance these measures.
- Additional environmental controls Unlike most other types of large events, the format of
 an exhibition allows the organising stakeholders to structure and steer the audience on all
 steps of their journey from their registration, to their arrival on site and entry, to the way
 they navigate show floors, meetings spaces, and auditoriums, as well as the catering and
 sanitary options available to them. Exhibition venues are designed specifically to host this
 type of event and to manage visitors to their site according to strict local authority security
 policies and international safety standards.
- Exhibitions create business Exhibitions are the marketplaces and meeting places for entire industries regionally, nationally, and internationally. Exhibitions are a much-needed fast track to drive the economic recovery after COVID-19 especially for small and medium-sized enterprises, who represent the backbone of every economy and for whom exhibitions and face-to-face events are a leading sales channel. In addition to the industries they serve, exhibitions also contribute to regional development and generate revenue for the travel and tourism sector, as well as hotels, restaurants, retail and transportation.
- Our pledge To honour this responsibility to economies and societies, as an industry we stand ready to open the door to exhibitions as quickly as possible, striking the right and secure balance between public health in times of COVID-19 and the economic health of societies and nations.





• **Our demand** – to political decision-makers: please be open to proactive framework recommendations for safe exhibitions and authorise these exhibitions with respective protocols as soon as possible.

Contributors to this framework

This framework has been prepared in consultation and with the support of all parts of the exhibition industry, including organisers, venues, suppliers and associations. A list of those who have endorsed this document appears at the end.

The framework established here will be used to produce a document that gathers best-practice examples for the various areas listed in the framework below.

1. Introduction – the importance of reopening exhibitions

The purpose of this document is to define a planning framework for organising exhibitions and B2B trade events within the response and recovery phase of the COVID-19 crisis, in line with domestic government directions. The framework established here will be used to produce a document that gathers best-practice examples for the various areas listed in the framework below.

A blanket regulation for all mass gatherings will negatively impact economic recovery after the current pandemic. There are many types of mass gatherings and they all serve various purposes. The participants of exhibition and B2B trade events are focused on doing business, exchanging information, and sharing/transferring knowledge. It is entirely possible for exhibition participants to maintain the required distance from each other and achieve their business goals. The density of people at exhibitions can be maintained at lower levels than at other types of large events due to a number of reasons – for example, exhibitions often take place over a number of days, and the space occupied by an exhibition is much larger than at other types of events. As a result, B2B exhibitions can be managed and operated in a similar way to supermarkets and other retail outlets that have continued to function successfully and safely throughout the COVID-19 crisis.

It is imperative that exhibitions are given the security of planning to re-open in a timely manner under controlled circumstances, as described in this document. This requires clear signals from politicians, as exhibitions have a lead time of several months.

The global exhibition industry will reconnect and rebuild businesses, industries and economies following this unprecedented period of industrial and economic stagnation. The size and farreaching impact of the exhibition industry are demonstrated by the "Global Economic Impact of Exhibitions" report from December 2019, which calculates the total economic impact of exhibitions to be €167 billion per year globally.





This framework serves as an addition to existing health and safety processes and regulations and should be read in conjunction with the WHO's <u>Public Health for Mass Gatherings: Key Considerations</u>, which provides general advice on the public health aspects of mass gathering events. It is also adapted from WHO's interim planning considerations previously released for mass gatherings in the context of pandemic (H1N1) 2009 influenza, and international meetings attended by individuals from Ebola virus disease-affected countries.

It is designed to help plan, manage and monitor exhibitions in order to minimise the health and safety risks to staff, contractors, exhibitors and visitors.

The exhibition industry recognises that unspecified mass gatherings are highly visible events with the potential for public health consequences if they are not planned and managed carefully. In the context of the COVID-19 outbreak, large-scale events were the first to be shut down. Our industry is supporting the response to the current health emergency by making our exhibition venues available to host emergency hospitals, testing facilities, logistics centres, healthcare workers and homeless people, as well as offering other support.

This document gives policymakers the criteria they need to confidently support the reopening of exhibitions by adopting these guidelines.

2. Exhibitions and different type of large events/mass gatherings

Events must be assessed according to their type and not according to a rigid total number of people. All are important for various economic and social factors, however, exhibitions are not comparable to sports events, concerts or festivals. Decision makers are asked to differentiate here in a targeted manner.

UFI and this framework follow the ISO 25639-1:2008 (E/F) definitions of an exhibition, show, or fair, as "an event in which products, services, or information are displayed and disseminated".

Exhibitions differ from "conferences", "conventions" or "seminars", or other business and consumer events. Exhibitions exclude flea markets and street markets. Exhibitions include:

Trade exhibitions: exhibitions that promote trade and commerce and are attended primarily by trade visitors. A trade exhibition can be opened to the public at specific times.

Public exhibitions: exhibitions open primarily to the general public. A public exhibition is sometimes also known as a consumer show.

Conferences: organised formal meeting, or series of meetings, comprised of groups of representatives belonging to a common interest group, in which issues, ideas and policies are discussed.

Conventions: organised meeting of industry, profession or organisation to share knowledge and experience. Note: A convention is sometimes also known as a "congress".





3. Timescales

Several countries have announced a timescale for the easing of restrictions imposed due to COVID-19: lifting hospitality and travel restrictions, opening non-essential businesses, opening borders, and so on.

Where and when such restrictions are lifted, exhibitions can then also be held safely, open to those participants covered by existing travel rules, whether locally, regionally or internationally.

Venues and organisers will consult and liaise with local authorities about the time schedule of resuming exhibitions.

4. Framework recommendations to operate exhibitions/trade fairs in a safe environment

Note: The measures listed in this framework are all aimed at organising exhibitions in a controlled and safe environment. They are to be considered, adapted and implemented by industry stakeholders, and will be updated with best-practice examples in specific areas going forward.

Measures to be put in place during the build-up (planning phase), the exhibition itself (operational phase) and following the event (post-event review) to protect all exhibition stakeholders:

- I. Reinforce personnel and personal safety
- II. Enable physical distancing
- III. Increase health and safety measures
- IV. Implement crowd control
- V. Encourage and enforce measures

1.		Planning	Operational	Post-event
Reinforce	Perform risk analysis.	Х		
personnel and	Manage use of prevention materials			
personal safety	(e.g. provide masks, disinfectant	Х	X	X
	gel, disposable tissues).			





II.		Planning	Operational	Post-event
Enable physical	Introduce barriers and mark floor			
distancing	to indicate space regulations for all		х	Х
	queues and public spaces (e.g.			
	entrance halls, restaurants,	.,		
	catering outlets and toilets).	Х		
	Add physical transparent partition			
	on counters (e.g. admission,			
	registration and customer service).			
	Allow spacious distance between		х	Х
	booths and aisles for circulation.	Х		
	Manage conference-style layout			
	for side events to allow physical	х	X	
	distancing.			

III.		Planning	Operational	Post-event
Increase health and safety measures	Enable access control and conduct health screening (e.g. unified temperature monitoring).	х	Х	Х
	Work with guidelines dealing with/denying entry to stakeholders who fail health screening test (e.g. set up isolation areas; inform the local disease control department).	x	х	Х
	Manage cleaning, sanitation and disinfection regimes of commonly used areas.	х	х	Х
	Provide sanitising and handwashing stations.	х	х	Х
	Enable no-contact policy (e.g. avoid shaking hands and consider alternative greetings; encourage contactless payment; plan dedicated space for exhibitor and visitor to interact safely).	x	x	Х
	Ventilated venues/exhibition halls and other facilities to have airconditioning and air-filtering processes.	х	x	Х
	Adapt frequency of waste disposal.	Х	х	X
	Enable exhibitors to have enhanced cleaning and disinfection regimes for booths, exhibits and promotional materials (e.g. suggest that publicity materials be electronic).		x	



IV.		Planning	Operational	Post-event
Implement crowd control	Attendee flow management (e.g. monitor access routes, queuing space and entrances; separate different areas of the event and	х	x	Х
	control access). Adapt registration process and manage set-up to reduce contact onsite (e.g. encourage online registration wherever possible; print badges at home)		x	
	Manage number of stakeholders on exhibition site (e.g. rationalise/simplify raw space/space-only stand designs and construction methods to reduce time required to build and dismantle; allow longer timeframe to set up and dismantle).	x		X
	Manage number of attendees on the exhibition site (e.g. limit number based on area in gross square metres of the venue/hall, as proposed by exhibition safety managers; assign tickets to designated time slots such as days and hours).		x	
	Manage catering offer to allow physical distancing and encourage additional hygiene measures (e.g. distancing tables and limiting capacities inside restaurant areas; avoid buffet-style service stations; offer pre-packed food).		х	



V.		Planning	Operational	Post-event
Encourage and	Display measures and cleaning	-	-	
enforce	regimes accessible for everyone.	Х	Х	Х
measures	Work in legal framework that			
	clearly defines duties and	х	x	х
	responsibilities across all			
	stakeholders involved.			
	Establish and maintain direct		x	x
	communication with local	Х		
	authorities.			
	Set up medical service points (e.g.			
	medical support, patient handling,			
	treatment and clinical support,	Х	х	X
	patient transport and treatment,			
	clinical waste management).			
	Manage training on epidemic			
	prevention (e.g. master the skills of	v		
	disinfectant use, cleaning public	Х		
	places and emergency disposal).			
	Verify registration details on-site			
	and, where appropriate, manage	v	x	x
	process to inform health	Х		
	authorities.			
	Monitor new sources of			
	information and establish			
	processes to act accordingly (e.g.		х	
	designate a team to follow local			
	news, podcasts and practise			
	rumour controls; establish			
	mechanisms for epidemic			
	prevention and control).			
	Manage procedure to address on-			
	site concerns and answer questions	Х	x x	X
	from all attendees (e.g. hotline).			
	Monitor real-time crowd			
	movements and establish			
	processes to act accordingly (e.g.		x	
	use technology to track in-show		, and the second	
	attendees; wristbands; Mobile			
	Apps heatmaps)			



5. Contributors to this framework and support from the industry

The following organisations have been part of the task force to prepare and agree this framework, which is a global representation of the exhibition industry.

Exhibition organisers

Clarion Events Informa Markets Reed Exhibitions Tarsus Group

Organisers and venues

Corferias
Dubai World Trade Centre
Fira de Barcelona
GL events
Koelnmesse
La Rural
Grupa MTP
RAI Amsterdam
The NEC

Exhibition venues

Hong Kong Convention and Exhibition Centre
Johannesburg Expo Centre
MGM Resorts International
Shanghai New International Exhibition Centre
Shenzhen World Exhibition & Convention Centre

Associations

AEO – Association of Event Organisers

AEV – Association of Event Venues

AFIDA - Asociacion Internacional de Ferias America

AUMA – Association of the German Trade Fair Industry

EEIA – European Exhibition Industry Alliance

ESSA – Event Supplier and Services Association

IELA – International Exhibition Logistics Association

IFES – International Federation of Exhibition & Event Services

SISO - Society of Independent Show Organisers

TCEB - Thailand Convention and Exhibition Bureau

Service providers/general contractors

Freeman

GES

GL events





6. Endorsement for this framework from within the exhibition industry

7The following organizations have endorsed this framework (as of 2.7.2020). If you would like your organization to be added to the list please endorse the framework <u>by confirming your support here.</u>

Exhibition organisers

Amet Expositions

Clarion Events

Comexposium

Diversified Communications

dmg Events

Easyfairs

Emerald Holdings, Inc.

Euroindex Ltd.

HKF Trade Fairs Fuarcilik A.S.

Hyve Group

IFP Expo

IMEX Group

Informa Markets

Media 10 Limited

Messe Frankfurt Argentina

Montgomery Group

Oman Expo

Reed Exhibitions

Tarsus Group

Turkel Fair Organization Inc.

Veronafiere SpA

Organisers and venues

Brussels Expo

Deutsche Messe AG

ExpoForum

Fexpocruz

Fiera Milano

GL events

IFEMA Feria de Madrid

Koelnmesse GmbH

Leipziger Messe GmbH

MCH Group

Messe München GmbH

RAI Amsterdam

TAITRA - Taiwan External Trade Development Council





Exhibition Venues

Dubai World Trade Centre

ExCeL London

Fiera Milano

Fira Barcelona

Hong Kong Convention and Exhibition Centre (Management) Limited

The Swedish Exhibition & Congress Centre Group

SNIEC

Johannesburg Expo Centre

La Rural

The NEC

WTC Sao Paulo

Associations

AEO – Association of Event Organisers

AEV - Association of Event Venues

AFIDA - Asociacion Internacional de Ferias America

AMPROFEC - Mexican Association of Professionals in fairs, exhibitions and conventions

AOCA - Argentine Association of Professional Organizers and Suppliers for Exhibitions, Congresses,

Events and Convention Bureaus

AUMA - Association of the German Trade Fair Industry

EEIA - European Exhibition Industry Alliance

EMECA - European Major Exhibition Centers Association

ESSA – Event Supplier and Services Association

HKECIA - Hong Kong Exhibition & Convention Industry Association

HKTDC - Hong Kong Trade Development Council

IFES - International Federation of Exhibition & Event Services

RUEF - Russian Union of Exhibitions and Fairs

SISO - Society of Independent Show Organizers

TCEB - Thailand Convention and Exhibition Bureau

UBRAFE - União Brasileira dos Promotores Feiras

Service providers/general contractors

EFI LOGISTICS

Floory Tech.

Freeman

Your Stand Builder Ltd.

Sensations Exhibits and Sensations Worldwide

GL events

Katelyn De Schutter

Limeblue

